LiftMaster

Introduction

The LiftMaster proprietary Long Range Reader and vehicle tags provide you quick and easy access into your gate. The LiftMaster reader and vehicle tags must be used as a system in order to function. The LiftMaster branded tags can only be used with the LiftMaster branded reader.

LIFTMASTER LONG RANGE RFID READER Model LMSC1000



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including lead, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer or birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

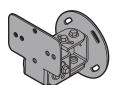
Carton Inventory



LMSC1000 RFID Reader



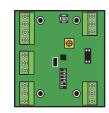
12V 3A Regulated Power Supply



Mounting Bracket



U-Bolts (2)



S2W Wiegand Interface Module

The S2W Wiegand Interface Module and plug-in transformer shall be mounted in either the CAPXL enclosure or a Gate Operator Listed to UL 325, or a weather proof enclosure: UL Listed NITW or CYIV, Types 3X, 3RX, 3SX, 4X OR 6P.

Reader Specifications

Part Number	LMSC1000
FCC ID	XVY-IDR0900MA
Dimensions	10.25" x 10.25" x 1.5"
Polarization	Circular Polarized
Frequency range	902Mhz ~ 928 MHz
Supported Protocol	ISO 18000-6C/EPC C1 G2, ISO 18000-6B
Read Range	20 – 30 Feet (Depending on Tag)
Anti-Collision	Up to 100 tags/second
Environment	Operating Temp : - 20 C to + 50 C Storage Temp : - 20 C to + 80 C
Connectivity	26-Bit Wiegand (D0, D1, GND)
RF Output Power	Adjustable 13-30 dBm with 1 dB steps Power Accuracy +/- 0.5dBm
Weight	< 31.0 oz. (Reader Only)
Protocol	ISO18000-6C C1G2
Firmware	v.EI8070400
LMSC1000 input rating	12V DC, 700 mA
UL 294 Levels	Attack: I, Line Security: I, Endurance: IV, Standby: I
S2W_001 electrical ratings**	Input rating: 12 Vdc, 20 mA Relay output rating: 24 Vdc, 1 A
Compatible UL Listed control Panels	Chamberlain Group, Models CAPXL and CAP2D
Model S2W is intended to be installed within a weather proof enclosure	UL Listed NITW or CYIV, Types 3X, 3RX, 3SX, 4X, or 6P

NOTE: UL verified compatibility with CAPXL and CAP2D. S2W-001 module must be energized from either the Triad Magnetics, Model WSU120-3000 or C.SA Electronics (Dongguan) Co., Ltd Model CS1203000.

Supported LiftMaster RFID tags (Order Separately)



LMHNTG/SPLMHNTG* LiftMaster RFID Hang tag



LMUNTG/SPLMUNTG* LiftMaster Dual-Purpose RFID Tag (Windshield/Headlamp)

If specific Facility Code and Start ID required, use special part #s SPLMHNTG, SPLMUNTG.

^{**} The SW2 is not intended to be used on anything other than the LMSC1000.

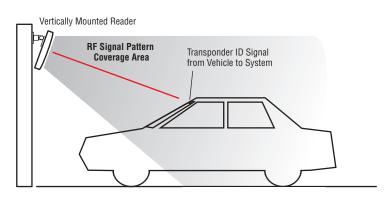
Installation

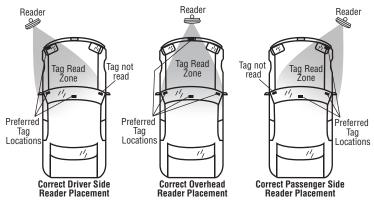
Site layout plays a large role in where you can mount the reader and may prompt you to use a particular location/orientation. It is very important to be mindful of how reader placement affects where and how you mount the RFID tags/transponders on the vehicle. Here are some examples of reader placement and how they affect tag placement.

Orientation Note: Minimize the distance between reader and tag as much as possible (shown as red line).

For best results use a signal checker to test desired installation position. After reader orientation has been selected make sure that all readers to be used at the site are installed in the same orientation to ensure consistent tag reads (all on the left/driver's side, for example).

The example shown is a general recommendation, final location should be decided after field testing.





NOTE: Use LMHNTG for rear view mirror tag location and LMUNTG for all other tag locations.

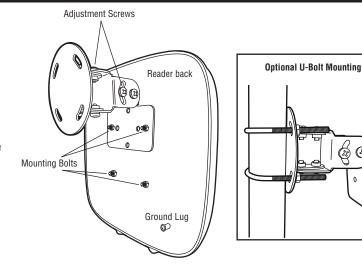
The LMSC1000 generates and emits Radio Frequency (RF) energy which may cause interference with access control receivers. Avoid aligning the LMSC1000 read field within close proximity of any other receiving device antenna.

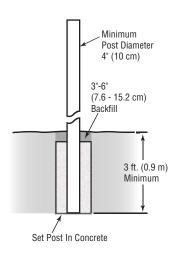
Reader Mounting

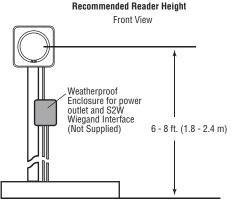
Step 1: Install mounting bracket to the desired mounting location. Attach the round side of the bracket with appropriate screws.

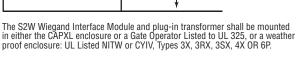
Step 2: Secure the reader to the mounting bracket by removing the mounting nuts from the mounting bolts located on the back of the reader. Place the reader bolts through the mounting bracket's supplied holes. Reinstall the mounting nuts/lock washers and re-tighten.

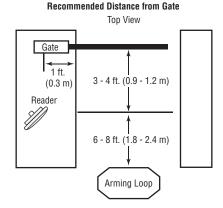
Step 3: Once the reader is mounted, the reader's vertical orientation to the roadway can be adjusted using the adjustment screws. The specific angle is determined by the average pitch of the vehicle's tag mounting surface (e.g., windshield, headlamp, etc.).











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NOTE: Examples shown are general recommendations, final location should be decided upon field testing.

Wiegand Interface Module Mounting and Wiring

The following are the provisions for the wiring connections on the LMSC1000 reader system.

- Take special precautions to protect the system's components by locating them in a weatherproof enclosure (sold separately).
- In the weatherproof enclosure, provide a properly protected 115VAC power outlet for powering the reader through the provided power supply.
- Once an appropriate weatherproof enclosure with power outlet has been installed, route the reader cable so that it safely enters the enclosure and maintains the enclosure's weatherproof capabilities.
- Route Wiegand Data 0, Data 1, and Common from S2W Wiegand Interface to the access control panel so that it safely exits the enclosure and maintains the enclosure's weatherproof capabilities.
- · AC must be run in a separate conduit.
- Maximum cable distance between Reader and S2W Wiegand Interface is 19 feet (5.8 m).
- Maximum cable distance between S2W Wiegand Module Interface and access control system is 350 ft (107 m) with 18 AWG wire.
- Maximum cable distance between the relay control of the S2W and an external visual/audible device is 98.5 ft.

Arming Loop Input (Optional)

For applications where multiple RFID readers will be in close proximity this feature can be used to turn on the reader field ONLY when the loop senses the presence of a vehicle.

When switch 5 is turned on, the Wiegand board sends a command to the antenna to turn off the reader field until a vehicle presence is detected.

Reader Cable Index

Color	Function
Yellow	Com
Green	TXD
White	RXD
Black	-12V DC (GND)
Red	+12V DC

Power Supply Index

Color	Function
Solid Black	+12V DC
Black w/Dash	- 12V DC (GND)

Reader LEDs

The LEDs on the front of the LMSC1000 Reader will illuminate red when powered. Blinking blue LEDs indicate an RFID tag is being read.

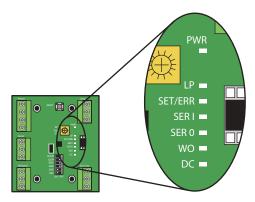
Dry Contact Relay Output

For applications where RFID tag holders want an external visual or audible notification that the reader processed their tag. The relay contacts change state for 2 seconds with every valid Wiegand output, if time delay is enabled the relay will only pulse once during the selected period.

Low voltage only, 24 Volts AC/DC 1 amp

Reader Wiring Diagram Arming Loop Detector (Optional) Set Switch #5 to "ON" to enable. **Power Transformer** 0 Solid Black +12 V GND Arming Loop Black w/Dash Detector - 12 VDC (GND) LP_INL Red LP INH +12 V Black - 12 VDC (GND) RF PWR SET LMSC1000 RFID Reader LP = SET/ERR = Green **(1)** SER IN SER I SER 0 White **(1)** SER OUT WO = Yellow SETUP 6 LOOP 5 8SEC 4 DC = GND Low Voltage Light 4SEC 3 2SEC 2 1SEC 1 Dry Cont White **(1)** DATA 1 The gray, blue, and NO CONN brown wires from the Normally Open Green RFID Reader are unused. DATA 0 Common Black GND В 24 Volts AC/DC 1 Amp max. Door 1 Door 2 WIEGAND INPUT WIEGAND INPUT 4 • 12V GND DO D1 GRN RED CND SHLD DO DO GRN REQUEST TO EXIT REQUEST STATUS Normally Open TO EXIT Gate Operator PRIMARY **Access Control System** RELAY RELAY Common NC E COM AUXILIARY ALIXII IARY RELAY RELAY

Wiegand Interface Module LEDs



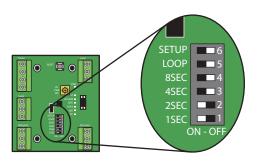
WIEGAND OUTPUT

Green (PWR)	Power (Solid when power present)
Green (LP)	Arming Loop (Solid when active)
Blue (SET/ERR)	Data Error Received from Reader
Red (SER 1)	Data Received from Reader (Flash)
Yellow (SER 0)	Data Transmitted to Reader (Flash)
Orange (W0)	Wiegand Data Output (Flash)
Orange (DC)	Relay Control Output (Flash)

LiftMaster

DOOR BOARD 1

Wiegand Interface Module Programming



Wiegand Retransmission Delay

The S2W Wiegand Interface Module has an adjustable Wiegand output retransmission delay from 0-15 seconds. When enabled, the S2W Wiegand Interface will transmit 1 Wiegand pulse and start the timer. If a tag remains in the active reading zone, the S2W Wiegand Interface will not transmit another pulse until the timer expires. The delay is set using the bottom 4 dip-switches shown above. When the switch is set to the left it is in the "On" position. Use the chart to the right to select the desired amount of retransmission delay (in seconds). The default setting is 3 seconds delay. **NOTE:** The power to the S2W Wiegand Interface must be cycled for any

NOTE: The power to the S2W Wiegand Interface must be cycled for any switch changes to take effect.

1	2	3	4	Delay (Seconds)
Off	Off	Off	Off	0
On	Off	Off	Off	1
Off	On	Off	Off	2
On	On	Off	Off	3
Off	Off	On	Off	4
On	Off	On	Off	5
Off	On	On	Off	6
On	On	On	Off	7
Off	Off	Off	On	8
On	Off	Off	On	9
Off	On	Off	On	10
On	On	Off	On	11
Off	Off	On	On	12
On	Off	On	On	13
Off	On	On	On	14
On	On	On	On	15

Antenna Range Adjustment

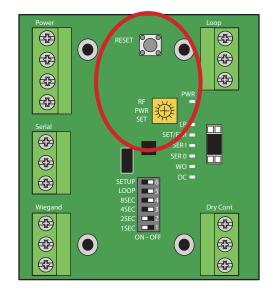
The S2W Wiegand Interface Module has an antenna range adjustment located on the circuit board just left of the LED Display. To adjust the range perform the following steps:

- 1. Place the module in programming mode by setting switch 6 to "On" (left).
- Locate the adjustment pot and turn clockwise to increase range or counter-clockwise to decrease range. The LED display will show the relative power setting (Max is all LEDs on).



- 3. To send the new range setting to the reader press the Reset button just above the range adjustment.
- 4. Once the desired range is set, place the module into operating mode by setting switch 6 (Setup) to "Off" (right).





Beeper Enable/Disable

By default, the LMSC1000 will beep when it reads an RFID tag. To toggle this feature (turn on or off) perform the following steps:

 Place the module in programming mode by setting switch 6 (Setup) to "On" (left).



2. Turn the adjustment pot counter-clockwise to the minimum setting.



- 3. Press the Reset button just above the range adjustment to toggle the setting.
- 4. Return the antenna range setting to its original position.
- 5. Press the Reset button just above the range adjustment to set range.
- 6. Place the module into operating mode by setting switch 6 to "Off" (right).

Programming Your LiftMaster tags into myQ® Business™
When adding a new credential in myQ® Business™, go to the credentials tab, click "Add new credentials" and when selecting type, choose RFID_Tags_LiftMaster.

Troubleshooting —

Problem		Troubleshooting	Resolution	
Reader does not read tags (Reader LED is Red and does not	Power	Check the power supply voltage at the closest termination to the reader (typically at the Wiegand interface module) with a Digital Multi-Meter (DMM). You should read >12V DC.	If the wiring distance and gauge are correct and the supply is <12V DC replace the power supply with another rated at 12V DC 3A.	
change)		Measure the wiring distance between the reader (mounted) and where the power supply plugs in to the main power source. This distance should not exceed 50°.		
		Check the wiring gauge to make sure it is within specification for this product (Cat5/6 should never be used for power).		
		If the above all checks out and the reader recovers with a power cycle to both reader and Wiegand module then investigate the main (115VAC) supply. If the main power source experiences a brown out condition (voltage drops below 100VAC but does not go away entirely), this may lock up the reader and cause it to malfunction.	Switch to a separate main power (115VAC) source or install a UPS system to provide a more stable power source.	
	Programming	Remove the serial connector (green, white and yellow wires from reader) from the Wiegand interface module and cycle power to both devices. If the reader regains normal function then the issue may be in the Wiegand interface module.	The Wiegand interface has a arming loop feature that will place the RFID reader into standby mode when the loop input is not active. Check the arming loop setting of the Wiegand interface module on dip switch S1-5 and make sure this switch is in the off position. If the setting is off and the problem persists, replace the Wiegand interface module.	
Final	Final	If the reader does not recover after a power cycle and the above troubleshooting does not reveal the problem, there may be an issue internally in the reader.	Contact your channel partner and request an RMA to send in the reader for repair or order a replacement.	
Reader reads RFID tags however not at an adequate range. (The average read range should be 20-25')	Power	Check the power supply voltage at the closest termination to the reader (typically at the Wiegand interface module) with a DMM. You should read >12V DC.	There is a direct correlation between the quality of the power supplied to the reader and the reader range. Make sure that the wiring distance is kept to minimum (no coiled wire), gauge is correct and the supply is >12V DC. If all checks out proceed to the next section under programming.	
		Measure the wiring distance between the reader (mounted) and where the power supply plugs in to the main power source. This distance should not exceed 50°.		
RFID Tags		Check the wiring gauge to make sure it is within specification for this product (Cat5/6 should never be used for power).		
		You will not experience normal operating range if you are testing windshield/headlamp mount tags by hand. The tags need the intended mounting surface to achieve normal operating range.	Temporarily mount the tag to intended surface using tape and retest.	
Outside Interference	Inspect the mounting of the RFID tags and make sure they are mounted correctly and away from any interference sources.	Consult the RFID tag installation manual and make sure that the tags are mounted correctly.		
	Outside Interference	RFID readers are susceptible to interference from other electronic devices and environmental conditions.		
		Make sure the reader has free line of sight to the RFID tag on the vehicle in the road way. It cannot be obstructed in any way by foliage (plants, bushes, and trees) or metal (posts, signs, gate arms).	Remove any obstructions that are in front of the reader's read zone.	
		Check the area around the installation for other electronic devices that may emit noise and interference such as high voltage power lines, florescent lights, cell phone towers, high power UHF radio transmitters or antennas (Including other RFID systems).	Investigate if any of these sources can be temporarily disabled to allow RFID reader testing. If the RFID reader range increases when the device is disabled then you have located the source of interference. You may need to relocate the interference source or RFID reader.	
	Programming	This reader offers a range adjustment on the Wiegand interface module. This default sets the reader range at maximum however this may have changed.	Confirm the read range setting using the steps in the installation manual.	

Troubleshooting (continued)

Problem		Troubleshooting	Resolution
No Wiegand data received by Access Controller System	System	Verify that the RFID Reader is acknowledging the tag by beeping and/or LED flashing blue.	If you do not receive a beep and/or a blue LED flash then the reader is not acknowledging the RFID tag.
		If the reader LED flashes blue, verify the reader is outputting serial data from the reader to Wiegand interface module (WIM). When the reader flashes blue there should be a corresponding red LED flash on the Wiegand interface.	If there is not a flash of the red LED when a tag is read then there is a problem with the serial data feed between the reader and WIM. Double check the wiring between the two devices to make sure all of the connections are correct. You may confirm data output by connecting a computer with serial connection and use a telnet program (such as putty). The settings for the connection should be 9600,8,N,1. You should see raw tag data if you connect to the reader using the following connection (Green - RXD, White - TXD, Yellow - Com). If there is no serial data coming from the reader then the reader has malfunctioned and needs repair. If there is serial data coming from the reader then the problem is in the WIM and it needs to be replaced.
	If the reader LED flashes blue and the WIM flashes red, check to make sure the top orange LED flashes (the initial flash should be instant however repeat flashes are controlled by the re-transmission control). The orange LED indicates when a Wiegand pulse is sent to the access controller.	If no orange LED flash is observed then there is a problem with the WIM and it should be replaced.	
	If the reader LED flashes blue, WIM flashes red and top orange LED flashes there may be a wiring issue between the WIM and your access controller.	Make sure your wiring run is less than the maximum distance of 98.5 ft (107 m).	
		With a DMM, measure for DC voltage between the Data 1 and COM as well as Data 0 and COM. You should read a normal operating voltage of at least 4.9-5V DC. A reading of less than this voltage indicates a voltage drop potentially due to cable distance or poor connections.	
		Disconnect the Wiegand connector from the WIM module (Access Controller still connected) and measure the voltage at the connector. This will test the wiring run from your access controller to WIM and should be >4.9V DC. If you measure 0V DC then there is a break in your wiring run.	
			Disconnect the Wiegand connection from the Access Controller (WIM still connected) and measure the voltage at the connector. This will test the wiring run from your WIM to Access Controller and should be >4.9V DC. If you measure 0V DC then there is a break in your wiring run.
Printed RFID Tag IDs do not match what is received on the access controller.	Programming	The Wiegand interface outputs 26-bit Wiegand data. Make sure that the access controller you are using is set to receive 26-bit Wiegand inputs.	Try swapping the Data 0 and Data 1 wires at either the Wiegand interface or access controller and retest.
Reader is sending too many tag reads to the access controller.	Programming	The factory default is to send a Wiegand output for every tag read made by the RFID reader. This is adjustable and a delay can be programmed to minimize the Wiegand outputs sent to the controller.	Change the Wiegand re-transmission delay setting (0-15 seconds) using the steps in the installation manual.

Service Parts —

Part	Part Number
Mounting Bracket	K-AUMB RFID Bracket
Wiegand Interface Module	K-S2W Wiegand Interface Board
RF Power Supply - 3 amps	KSC12-3A

HOW TO ORDER REPAIR PARTS

DEVANCO CANADA

19192 HAY ROAD, UNIT Q SUMMERSTOWN, ON K0C 2E0

TOLL FREE: 855-931-3334 www.devancocanada.com

WHEN ORDERING REPAIR PARTS
PLEASE SUPPLY THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

- **✓ PART NUMBER**
- **✓ DESCRIPTION**
- ✓ MODEL NUMBER

One Year Limited Warranty

LiftMaster warrants to the first consumer purchaser of this product that it is free from defect in materials and/or workmanship for a period of 1 year from the date of purchase.

NOTICE: This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules and Industry Canada's license-exempt RSSs. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This device has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC rules and Industry Canada ICES standard. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause

harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.